

Flow patterns in actomyosin droplets – routes to self-propulsion

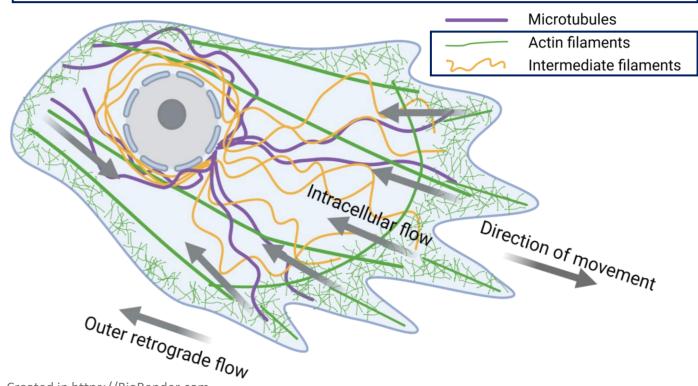


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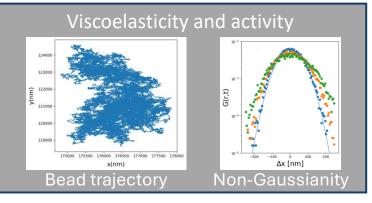
Research question:

How does self-propulsion depend on architecture and active force generation of a geometrically confined actomyosin network?

- In-vitro studies on actin networks modified by actin-binding proteins in bulk and confinement
- In-vitro studies on mixed networks consisting of actin and intermediate filaments (future perspective)



Passive Microrheology



Imaging; passive and active Microrheology Influence of actin-binding proteins

Fascin

Q-Actinin

10 µm

Particle image velocimetry (PIV)

